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CIVIL RELATIONS

CIVIL RELATION. That Relation arising from the associating of Families under Government for mutual benefit and defence, is styled Political or CIVIL, Republic,*Commonwealth, State, political, secular.

To which may be opposed ANARCHY, Confusion.

The Notions belonging to this do refer either to

- Persons in a political capacity, considered according to their
 - o DEGREES. I.
 - PROFESSIONS or Vocations. II.
 - CONVENTIONS. III.
- Things or businesses, relating to
 - RIGHTS. IV.
 - CONTRACTS for the Alienation of our Rights. V.
 - OBLIGATIONS for the Confirmation of Contracts. VI.

DEGREES

I. Those differences whereby men under a Political Relation, are di|stinguished from one another,* according to their several ranks, are styled, DEGREES, Place, Quality, Rank, Order, Scutcheon, Coat of Arms, Herald.

To which may be opposed the word PARITY, Levelling.

These are either

- More general; according to the first common Difference of || govern|ing, namely such to whom doth belong the power and care of direct|ing others in their duty, and rewarding or punishing them accord|ingly: or governed, namely such as are under this Power.
 - MAGISTRATE, Rector, Governour, Regent, Rule-er, Dominion, Sway, Consul, President,
 Provost, Warden, Head, Territory, Seigniory, Major, Baylif, Syndic, States, Jurisdiction.
 - SUBJECT-ion, Vassal, submit, Homage, Liegeman, Private person, truckle, Vnderling.
- More particular; relating to
 - Kinds of principal Magistrates; which have great variety of Titles in several Countries, not necessary to be distinctly provided for here, excepting onely such as are either; |
 Sovereign: or Homagers to some other.
 - KING, Sovereign, Emperor, Imperial, Monarch, Queen, regal, royal, Majesty, reign, Kingdom, Lord, Dynasty, Sultan, Cham, Liege Lord, Regent, Realm, Diadem, Crown, Coronation, Scepter, Throne, en|throne, Viceroy.
 - PRINCE, Potentate.
 - Orders of Subjects.
 - Higher.
 - More general; comprehending the || greater: or lesser Nobility.
 - LORD, Peer, Nobleman, honourable, Patrician, Duke, Mar|quess, Earl, Count, Viscount, Baron.
 - GENTLEMAN, Gentry, Knight, Esquire, Sir, Madam, Worlship-ful, Gentil-

ity, Wellborn.

- More special; with relation to the Degrees in liberal Professions; either | perfect: or inchoate.
 - GRADUATE, commence, Degree, Doctor, Master, Rabbi.
 - o CANDIDATE, Batchelor, Inceptor, canvas, sue, stand for.
- Middle; considered
 - Aggregately.
 - PEOPLE, Folk, Commonalty, Community, mean, obscure, igno|ble,
 Plebeian, Populacie, popular, populous.
 - Segregately; as they are Inhabitants either in || Cities: or the Countrey
 - o CITIZEN, Free-man, enfranchise, Denizon, Townsman.
 - YEOMAN.
- Lower sort: considered
 - Aggregately.
 - RABBLE, Vulgus, Tag-rag, base.
 - Segregately; according to their want of | Dignity: or Wealth.
 - VILLAIN, Varlet, Rascal, Peasant, Boor, servile, Sirrah, Vassal, base.
 - BEGGAR, Rogue, Mendicant, Shake-ragg.
- Conditions of men; as having | a right to dispose of themselves: or not.
 - FREE-MAN, liberal, enfranchise, Burgess,
 - SLAVE, emancipate, manumit, servile, illiberal, Bondman, Bon|dage, Thraldom, enthrall, enslave, serve, Droyl, Drudge.

PROFESSIONS or Vocations. II.

PROFESSIONS

II. That course of life about which one is usually employed,* and to which he applies himself for the getting of a Subsistence, is styled his PROFESSION, Vocation, Calling, Trade, Function, Occupation, Course of life, Craft, Mystery.

To which may be adjoyned the word denoting the actual Use of such Callings, PRACTICE, Exercise, Vse, follow, put in ure.

These may be distinguished, into such as are either

- More necessary and beneficial to humane life; whether
 - Liberal Professions, such as become free and generous men; relating ei|ther to
 - Things.
 - Sacred; as || discovered by revelation: or as the knowledge of them is
 attainable by nature.
 - o DIVINE, Theology, Clerk, Schoolman.
 - PHILOSOPHER.
 - Civil and political; namely, | the more generally received Laws and Constitutions: or those belonging to a particular Nation.
 - CIVIL LAWYER.
 - COMMON LAWYER, Pettifogger.
 - Natural; with particular reference to the diseases of mens bodies and their cure; either || by direction: or by manual operation.
 - PHYSICIAN, Medicine, Patient, Empiric, Mountebank, Quack salver,

Farrier, Leach, Receipt.

- CHIRURGION, dress a wound.
- Words or Language: or the ornaments of discourse.
 - PHILOLOGER, Critic.
 - POET-ry, Poem, Bard, Muse.
- Illiberal; belonging more peculiarly
 - To a Town; consisting of Trades of || exchange: or manufacture.
 - MERCHANT, Market, Pedler, Huckster, Bodger, Hawker, Regra|ter, Shopkeeper, Traffic, Dealing, Merchandize, Fair, Mart.
 - MECHANIC, Handicraft, Artificer, Manufacture; Artizan, Work house.
 - To the Country; relating to the most ancient Professions of
 - Tilling the ground: or feeding of Cattel.
 - HUSBANDMAN, georgic, Hinde, Agriculture, Tillage, Bayliffe.
 - HERDSMAN, Shepherd, Pastor, Cow-herd, Hog-herd.
 - Catching of wild Animals.
 - HUNTSMAN, Hunt-er, Fowler, Fisher, chase, trace, course, Ve|nison, Game, Pocher.
 - ∘ Both to Town and Country; for the carriage of things by || Water: or Land.
 - MARINER.
 - CARRIER, Ripier, Cargo.
- Not necessary; comprehending those several Professions which tend to the diversion of others;
 || by acting or personating some particular Story or Fiction: or by amusing of men by the Agility of body or hand.
 - PLAYER, Actor, Comedian, Tragedian, Play, Stage, Theatre, Enterlude, Personate.
 - PRESTIGIATOR, Shewer of tricks, juggle, Legerdemain, Hocas pocas, Tumbler, Dancer on the ropes, &c. Mountebank.

CONVENTIONS. III.

III. The several Aggregates of men under Political Government, are usually styled either by that more general:* or special name.

- CONVENTION, Assembly, Meeting, Congregation, Convocation, Company, Rendezvouz,
 Concourse, Confluence, Quire, Chapter, Committee, Club, Hall, convene, Conventicle, Sessions,
 Assize, flock or gather together.
- SOCIETY, Gyld, Gang, Tribe, Clan, Fraternity, Club, Knot, Crew, Fellow|ship, Company-

These are either such as have the same

- General inducements; in respect of
- Language and supreme Government; whether | primitively: or de|rivatively.
- NATION-al, epidemical, naturalize, People, Country, vernacu|lar, Patriot.
- COLONY, Plantation.
- Place of Habitation; considered according to the
- General name; denoting such as inhabit | more dispersedly in the open fields: or more close together, usually within fenced places.
- COUNTRY, rural, rustic, Peasant, Boor, Hinde, Kern, Swain, Clown, Tike.
- TOWN, Burrough.
- Special kinds; signifying all that part of a Nation under the same

- Subordinate Government; | dwelling more at large: or such as dwell close together, with peculiar Liberties and Priviledges in common amongst them.
- PROVINCE, Circuit.
- CITY, Suburbs, Metropolis, See, Borough, municipal.
- Lowest Government; whether | with: or without lurisdiction.
- SHIRE, County, Tribe, District, Riding.
- PARISH, parochial, Parson, Vicar, Thorpe, Village.
- Special inducements; for |
- Attendance on Governours: or advice in the Government.
- COURT-ier, aulical.
- COUNCIL, Senate, Parliament, Diet, Conclave, Consistory, San|hedrim, Synod, Committee.
- Education in Learning; either || of the Adult, with a power to license them for the Liberal professions: or onely of Children or young be ginners.
- UNIVERSITY, Academy, School.
- SCHOOL.
- Regulating the affairs of some | Trade: or Profession; especially if they cohabit for those ends in a kind of Political family.
- CORPORATION, Gyld, Brotherhood, Fraternity, Company, So|ciety, community, municipal, incorporate.
- COLLEGE-iate, Fellow.
- Driving on of some design; | in general: or with particular reference to the opposing of what is legally established.
- LEAGUE, Confederacy, Combination, Alliance, Complice, Parti|san, Party, side with, joyn, hold together, Pack, compact.
- FACTION, Sect, Iuncto, Gang, conspire, side with, combine, Par|ty-zan, Oligarchy.

RIGHTS. IV.

IV. The things which in lustice or Equity do belong to persons,* are called RIGHTS, Title, Interest, Estate, Tenure Holding, Freehold, Gift, Col|lation, Reversion, Landlord, Paramount, endow, enfeoff. To which may be adjoyned the word LIBERTIES, denoting whatsoever is permitted, or not forbidden to them.

These are considerable according to their

- · Original; being either
- Primary and unwritten.
- Not voluntary; but according to | the condition of its first being: or common practice and continuance.
- NATURE.
- CUSTOM, accustom, Vse, Wont, Guise, Fashion, Rite, Vsage, usual, currant, common, ordinary, ure, enure, Habit, Practice, Haunt, pre|scribe, unusual, obsolete, familiar, received, conversant, Habit, manner, course, Hank, Exercise, Prescription, Desuetude.
- Voluntary; according to the | choice of the Will: or a determined order.
- ELECTION, Choice.
- SUCCESSION, devolve, follow, Place.
- Secondary and written.
- General; whether | perpetual: or temporal.
- LAW, Act, Statute, Decree, Sanction, Constitution, Canon, Rule, legal, legitimate, enact, ordain, order, abrogate, repeal, prescribe, Legislator.

- EDICT, Ordinance, Proclamation, Order, Breve, Bull, Act, Rule, Sanction, Rescript.
- Special; conferring | Right to have: or Right to do.
- PATENT, Charter, Brief, Letters Patents, Placard.
- COMMISSION, Brief.
- parts; consisting in
- Power over that which is
- One's own; either | totally: or as to the use of it.
- PROPRIETY, Concern, Owner, Proprietary.
- USUS-FRUCTUS.
- Another's; either as to | his person: or his affairs.
- AUTHORITY, Power, Dominion, Prefect, President, Head, Pro|vost, Master, Plenipotentiary, authentic, classic, govern, ratifie, Rule, sway, inspection, dispose, Precinct, Territory.
- OFFICE, Place, Cure, overlook, officiate, superintend, surveigh, oversight, charge, conduct, Commissary, Prefect, Collegue, Groom.
- Liberty; with respect to
- Advantages by special Law; either || of the supreme Magistrate: or of some particular rank of Subjects.
- PREROGATIVE, Royalty.
- PRIVILEGE, Franchise, enfranchise, freedom, Grace, preeminence.
- Remission or exemption from the rigour of a general Law, in its |
- Commanding: or prohibiting.
- DISPENSATION.
- LICENCE, Permission, Sufferance, Leave, allowance, Faculty, Connivence, Placard, Prattick, let, may, suffer, admit, dispence, Pass-port, Safe conduct, Letters of Mart.
- Punishing: or imposing burthens.
- TOLERATION, Connivence, suffer, let alone, Quarter.
- IMMUNITY, free, Discharge, Exemption, Quarter, scot-free.

CONTRACTS for the Alienation of our Rights. V.

V. The mutual negotiating betwixt men in their ordinary converse with one another is styled CONTRACT,*Commerce, Entercourse, Traffic, Trade, Negotiation: to which may be annexed for affinity the most general occasion for such Intercourse, namely, the parting with one thing for the getting of ano|ther, called EXCHANGE, barter, chaffer, cope, swap, truck, chop, Commutation, Scoursing, Bargain, Match.

The principal matters belonging to this Head do either refer to

- Actions:
- General: whether
- Absolute; transferring a thing from one to another; whether || for his use to whom it is transferred: or for his use that transfers.
- ASSIGNING, consigning, conveying, resigning, deliver, put over.
- DEPOSITING, Trustee, Feoffee, enfeoff, charge, commend, recommend, entrust, commit, Fiduciary, Sequestration.
- Conditional■ || giving: or having right to an Estate after the death of him who disposeth of it.
- BEQUEATHING, devising, Legacy, Testament, Will, Executor, Intestate.
- INHERITING, Heir, hereditary, Heritage, Patrimony, Fee-simple, En|tail, disherit, Hereditament, Portion, Primogeniture.
- Special; either by

- Parting with: or procuring propriety in any thing, upon the consideration for something else to be taken or given in exchange.
- SELLING, vent, utter, Ware, Commodity, Sale-able, venal, vendible, sta|ple, put off, retail, afford, handsel, monopoly, make mony of, serve one with.
- BUYING, purchase, Cater, Chapman, Customer, engrossing, ransom, re|deem, regrate, forestal, interlope, preemption, the refusing.
- Parting with: or procuring the temporary use of something belonging to another; according to
- The more general name.
- LENDING, Loan, Creditor, prostitute, trust.
- BORROWING, take up.
- The particular kind relating to some temporary reward to be | taken, and given.
- DEMISING, let, let out, let to farm, lease, Lessor, Landlord, Broker, Rent, Principal, Interest, put to use.
- HIRING, farming, backney, mercenary, prostitute, Tenant, Lessee, Lease, Rent, Interest, Vse, at livery, Gratis.
- Bestowing skill or labour about any business: or compensating of it.
- EARNING, Merit, Desert, Meed, Demerit, supererogate.
- WAGES, Fee, Salary, Pension, Stipend, Vails, fare, freight, gratis.
- Things; whether more
- Private; to be exhibited by the
- Buyer; either | the whole value: or a part of it, for assurance of the rest.
- PRICE, Rate, Value, Worth, Ransom, stand in, cost, cheap, dear, preci|ous, sumptuous, rich, inhaunce, depreciate.
- EARNEST, Gage, Pledge.
- Seller; either | the thing bought: or some part, for security of the whole.
- BARGAIN, Ware, Commodity.
- SEISIN, Livery, install, admit, Entry, inthrone, inaugurate, invest.
- Public; towards defraying the charge of Government; whether | ordinary: or occasional.
- TRIBUTE, Custom; Annates, Gabel, Excise, Toll, Impost, Publicane.
- TAX, Rate, Contribution, Collection, assess, Publicane, Subsidy, Tun|nage, pontage, pannage, Pole, Collector, Scot, Sesment.

OBLIGATIONS for the Confirmation of Contracts. VI.

VI. Those several kinds of Assurances which men offer concerning what they intend to give or do, are styled, OBLIGATIONS, plight,*en|gage, Deed, bind, Bond, Bill, evidence, &c. undertake for.

And when such Obligations are reciprocal, they are then called PA|CTIONS, Agreement, Compact, Covenant, Bargain, Condition, indent, Match, Stipulation, Sponsion, Warranty, Article, strike up a bargain.

These are either

- Imperfect; or degrees towards Contracts more
 - Remote; in the first overtures of a Contract; whether || as begun by one: or mutual betwixt both.
 - BESPEAKING, Retain.
 - TREATING, driving a Bargain, capitulate, chaffer, parley, cheapen, huck, haggle.
 - ∘ Near; in proposal of those terms according to which one obliges himself to || buy: or sell.
 - BID, offer, huck, haggle.

- DEMAND, cheapen, ask, exact.
- Perfect: either in
 - Words;
 - Spoken.
 - Common; | ingaging our Veracity, sometimes with the addition of such solemn expressions as may testifie our reality.
 - PROMISE, Word, Parol, plight, Covenant, League, undertake for, pass ones word.
 - PROTESTATION, Asseveration, averr, vouch, stand in, Atte|station.
 - Sacred; ingaging our Religion, and appealing to God as || a Witness, and as a ludge, to punish us upon our falshood.
 - SWEARING, Oath, deposing, abjure, Perjury, adjure, purge upon Oath.
 - IMPRECATION, Execration, Malediction, Cursing.
 - Written; attested with || our peculiar name, or Mark: or Impressing some figure in Wax, or some like matter
 - SIGNING, Obligation, Deed, Evidence, Bill, Indenture, Instru|ment, Writing, Muniment, Conveyance, Policy, subscribe, under ones hand, set ones hand.
 - SEALING, Seal, Signet, Sigil, Bond, specialty.
 - Security;
 - Personal: whether || express, by promising for another, and making himself liable to the same Penalty upon the other's failing: or impli|cit, by speaking in one's behalf.
 - SPONSION, Stipulation, Bail, vouch, undertake for, Surety-ship, Hostage, Security, Warrant, Caution, engage, responsible for.
 - INTERCESSION, Mediate or, interpose, speak for.
 - Real, of ones Goods; either
 - Absolute; by ingaging for the truth of a Promise either || the Goods in specie, or only his right to them.
 - PAWN, Pledge, gage, engage.
 - MORGAGE, Security, Statute, Caution, engage.
 - Relative; by ingaging them for the success of a thing contingent, | either as Principal, or as Accessory.
 - WAGER, Stake, vy, lay, prize.
 - ∘ BET, Stake, vy, revy.

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